

Major Event: His Life

Lesson 5: Virgin Birth

Scriptures: Matthew Chapter 1, Luke Chapter 1

Central Text: Matthew 1:23

“Behold, the virgin (παρθένος - *parthénos*) shall be with child and shall bear a Son, and they shall call His name Immanuel,” which translated means, “God with us.”

Suggested Subjects For Teacher To Cover:

Virgin Birth

Predicted in Old Testament:

Isaiah 7:14 “Therefore the Lord Himself will give you a sign: Behold, a virgin will be with child and bear a son, and she will call His name Immanuel.”

The Virgin Birth fulfilled in the New Testament:

- 1) The virgin birth announced by the angel Gabriel (Luke 1:26-35)
- 2) Historical fulfillment (Matthew 1:18-25)

Impeccability

The Lord was announced as a holy child (Luke 1:35)

Christ was without sin (John 8:46; 2 Corinthians 5:21; Hebrews 4:15; 7:26; 9:14; 1 Peter 2:21-22; 1 John 3:5)

Other testimony found in Scripture indicates Christ’s sinlessness (Matthew 27:4, 19; Luke 23:41)

Purposes for Impeccability:

1. To demonstrate the sinlessness of Christ (just as the Passover lamb was inspected for defect to make sure it was a qualified sacrifice in Exodus 12, so also Christ lived a perfect life before us to demonstrate that He was a qualified sacrifice; 1 Peter 1:19).
2. Christ had to be sinless to be the sacrifice for mankind’s sin and be qualified to be our Redeemer. If Jesus had sin, He would also need a Savior. In order to provide perfect righteousness to us, He would have to be perfect righteousness and without sin (2 Cor. 5:21).

Suggested Attributes and Characteristics of God:

Omnipotence- God supernaturally brought about the conception of Christ through the power of the Holy Spirit (Matthew 1:18, 20).

Suggested reading for parents and child at home:

Matthew 1:18-25; 1 Peter 1:17-19